



Money Market Funds

Prospectus | August 27, 2021

Includes:

- UBS Prime Investor Fund: UPIXX
- UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund: SFRXX

As with all mutual funds, the Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved the funds' shares or determined whether this prospectus is complete or accurate. To state otherwise is a crime.

Not FDIC Insured. May lose value. No bank guarantee.

Contents

The funds

What every investor should know about the funds

Fund summaries

UBS Prime Investor Fund	3
UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund	9

More information about the funds	14
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Your investment

Information for managing your fund account	
Managing your fund account	21
—Buying shares	21
—Selling shares	23
—Exchanging shares	25
—Transfer of account limitations	26
—Additional information about your account	26
—Market timing	28
—Pricing and valuation	28

Additional information

Additional important information about the funds	
Management	30
Dividends and taxes	31
Disclosure of portfolio holdings and other information	33
Financial highlights	35
Appendix A: Additional information regarding purchases and redemptions	38
Where to learn more about the funds	Back cover

Please find the UBS family of funds privacy notice on page 39. Please find the UBS Asset Management business continuity planning overview on page 41.

The funds are not a complete or balanced investment program.

UBS Prime Investor Fund

Fund summary

Investment objective

Maximum current income consistent with liquidity and the preservation of capital.

Fees and expenses of the fund

These tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the fund. You may pay other fees, such as fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table or example below.

Shareholder fees *(fees paid directly from your investment)*

Maximum front-end sales charge (load) imposed on purchases	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (load)	None

Annual fund operating expenses *(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)**

Management fees	0.20%
Distribution (12b-1) fees	0.25
Other expenses	0.13
Shareholder servicing fee	0.10
Miscellaneous expenses	0.03
Total annual fund operating expenses	0.58
Fee waiver/expense reimbursement ¹	0.08
Total annual fund operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement ¹	0.50

* The fund invests in securities through an underlying master fund, Prime CNAV Master Fund. This table reflects the direct expenses of the fund and its share of expenses of Prime CNAV Master Fund, including management fees allocated from Prime CNAV Master Fund. Management fees are comprised of investment advisory and administration fees.

¹ The fund and UBS Asset Management (Americas) Inc. ("UBS AM") have entered into a written fee waiver/expense reimbursement agreement pursuant to which UBS AM is contractually obligated to waive its management fees and/or reimburse the fund so that the fund's operating expenses through August 31, 2022 (excluding interest expense, if any, expenses related to shareholders' meetings and extraordinary items) would not exceed 0.50%. The fund has agreed to repay UBS AM for any waived fees/reimbursed expenses to the extent that it can do so over the three years following such waived fees/reimbursed expenses without causing the fund's expenses in any of those three years to exceed the expense cap in place at the time the fee was waived. The fee waiver/expense reimbursement agreement may be terminated by the fund's board at any time and also will terminate automatically upon the expiration or termination of the fund's contract with UBS AM. Upon termination of the agreement, however, UBS AM's three year recoupment rights will survive.

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the fund's operating expenses remain the same.*

Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
UBS Prime Investor Fund	\$51	\$178	\$316	\$718

* Except that the expenses reflect the effects of the fund's fee waiver/expense reimbursement agreement, including any recoupments, for the first year only.

Principal strategies

Principal investments

The fund is a money market fund and seeks to maintain a stable price of \$1.00 per share. The fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing in a diversified portfolio of high quality money market instruments of governmental and private issuers. These may include:

- short-term obligations of the US government and its agencies and instrumentalities;
- repurchase agreements;
- obligations of issuers in the financial services group of industries;
- commercial paper, other corporate obligations and asset-backed securities; and
- municipal money market instruments.

Money market instruments generally are short-term debt obligations and similar securities. They also may include longer-term bonds that have variable interest rates or other special features that give them the financial characteristics of short-term debt. The fund invests in foreign money market instruments only if they are denominated in US dollars. The fund will, under normal circumstances, invest more than 25% of its total assets in the financial services group of industries.

The fund invests in securities through an underlying master fund. The fund and its corresponding master fund have the same objective. Unless otherwise indicated, references to the fund include the master fund.

The fund is a "retail money market fund," as such term is defined in the rule governing money market funds and related interpretations. "Retail money market funds" are money market funds that have policies and procedures reasonably designed to limit all beneficial owners of the fund to natural persons. As a "retail money market fund," the fund is permitted to seek to maintain a stable price per share.

The fund may be subject to the possible imposition of a liquidity fee and/or temporary redemption gate should certain triggering events occur.

The fund is classified by UBS AM as an "ESG-integrated" fund. The fund's investment process integrates material sustainability and/or environmental, social and governance ("ESG") considerations into the research process. ESG integration is driven by taking into account material ESG risks which could impact

investment returns, rather than being driven by specific ethical principles or norms. The analysis of material sustainability/ESG considerations can include many different aspects, including, for example, the carbon footprint, employee health and well-being, supply chain management, fair customer treatment and governance processes of a company. The fund's portfolio managers may still invest in securities with a higher ESG risk profile where the portfolio managers believe the potential compensation outweighs the risks identified.

Management process

UBS Asset Management (Americas) Inc. ("UBS AM") acts as the investment advisor. As investment advisor, UBS AM makes the fund's investment decisions. UBS AM selects money market instruments for the fund based on its assessment of relative values and changes in market and economic conditions. UBS AM considers safety of principal and liquidity in selecting securities for the fund and thus may not buy securities that pay the highest yield.

Principal risks

All investments carry a certain amount of risk, and the fund cannot guarantee that it will achieve its investment objective.

You could lose money by investing in the fund. Although the fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. The fund may impose a fee upon the sale of your shares or may temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the fund's liquidity falls below a required minimum because of market conditions or other factors. An investment in the fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The fund's sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the fund, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the fund at any time.

Money market instruments generally have a low risk of loss, but they are not risk-free. The principal risks presented by an investment in the fund are:

Credit risk: Issuers of money market instruments or financial institutions that have entered into repurchase agreements with the fund may fail to make payments when due or complete transactions, or they may become less willing or less able to do so.

Interest rate risk: The value of the fund's investments generally will fall when interest rates rise, and its yield will tend to lag behind prevailing rates. The fund may face a heightened level of interest rate risk due to certain changes in monetary policy, such as certain types of interest rate changes by the Federal Reserve. During periods when interest rates are low or there are negative interest rates, the fund's yield (and total return) also may be low or the fund may be unable to maintain positive returns and may experience volatility of its net asset value ("NAV") per share.

Market risk: The risk that the market value of the fund's investments may fluctuate, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, as the markets fluctuate, which may affect the fund's ability to maintain a \$1.00 share

price. Market risk may affect a single issuer, industry, or sector of the economy, or it may affect the market as a whole. Moreover, changing market, economic, political and social conditions in one country or geographic region could adversely impact market, economic, political and social conditions in other countries or regions.

Liquidity risk: Although the fund invests in a diversified portfolio of high quality instruments, the fund's investments may become less liquid as a result of market developments or adverse investor perception. If this happens, the fund's ability to redeem its shares for cash may be affected.

Management risk: The risk that the investment strategies, techniques and risk analyses employed by the advisor may not produce the desired results.

Concentration risk: The fund will invest a significant portion of its assets in securities issued by companies in the financial services group of industries, including US banking, non-US banking, broker-dealers, insurance companies, finance companies (e.g., automobile finance) and related asset-backed securities. Accordingly, the fund will be more susceptible to developments that affect those industries than other funds that do not concentrate their investments.

Financial services sector risk: Investments of the fund in the financial services sector may be particularly affected by economic cycles, business developments, interest rate changes and regulatory changes.

Asset-backed securities risk: The fund may purchase securities representing interests in underlying assets, but structured to provide certain advantages not inherent in those assets (e.g., enhanced liquidity and yields linked to short-term interest rates). If those securities behaved in a way that the advisor did not anticipate, or if the security structures encountered unexpected difficulties, the fund could suffer a loss. Structured securities represent a significant portion of the short-term securities markets.

US Government securities risk: There are different types of US government securities with different levels of credit risk, including the risk of default, depending on the nature of the particular government support for that security. For example, a US government-sponsored entity, such as Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae") or Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac"), although chartered or sponsored by an Act of Congress, may issue securities that are neither insured nor guaranteed by the US Treasury and are therefore riskier than those that are.

Repurchase agreements risk: Repurchase agreements carry certain risks not associated with direct investments in securities, including a possible decline in the market value of the underlying obligations. Repurchase agreements involving obligations other than US government securities (such as commercial paper, corporate bonds, mortgage loans and equities) may be subject to special risks and may not have the benefit of certain protections in the event of the counterparty's insolvency. If the seller or guarantor becomes insolvent, the fund may suffer delays, costs and possible losses in connection with the disposition of collateral.

Foreign investing risk: The value of the fund’s investments in foreign securities may fall due to adverse political, social and economic developments abroad. However, because the fund’s foreign investments must be denominated in US dollars, it generally is not subject to the risk of changes in currency valuations.

Municipal securities risk: Municipal securities are subject to interest rate and credit risks. The ability of a municipal issuer to make payments and the value of municipal securities can be affected by uncertainties in the municipal securities market. Such uncertainties could cause increased volatility in the municipal securities market and could negatively impact the fund’s net asset value and/or the distributions paid by the fund. Municipalities continue to experience difficulties in the current economic and political environment.

Performance

Risk/return bar chart and table

The following bar chart and table provide information about the fund’s performance and thus give some indication of the risks of an investment in the fund.

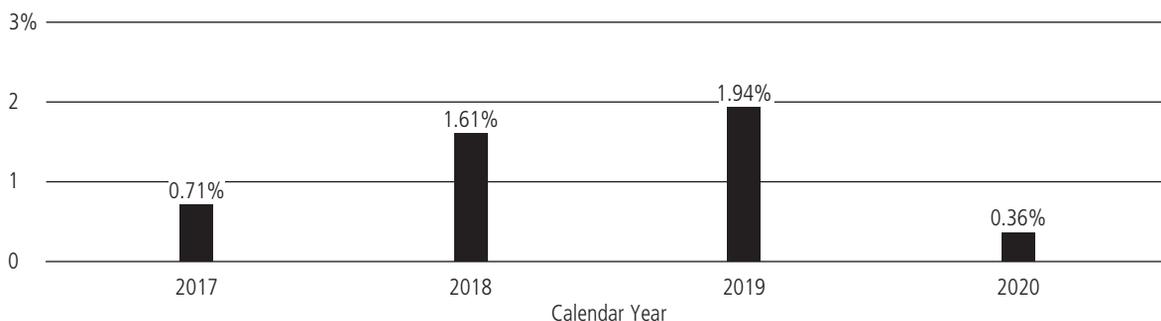
The bar chart shows how the fund’s performance has varied from year to year.

The table that follows the bar chart shows the average annual returns over various time periods for the fund’s shares.

The fund’s past performance does not necessarily indicate how the fund will perform in the future.

UBS Prime Investor Fund Annual Total Returns

Total return (2017 was the fund’s first full calendar year)



Total return January 1 to June 30, 2021: 0.00% (Actual total return was 0.0050%)

Best quarter during years shown—1Q 2019: 0.54%

Worst quarters during years shown—3Q & 4Q 2020: (Actual total returns were 0.0025%)

Updated performance information is available (1) by contacting your Financial Advisor, (2) by calling 1-888-793 8637 (Option #1) and (3) on the fund's website at <https://www.ubs.com/usmoneymarketfunds>.

Average annual total returns (for the periods ended December 31, 2020)

One year	0.36%
Life of fund (inception date January 19, 2016)	0.95

Investment advisor

UBS AM serves as the investment advisor to the fund.

Purchase & sale of fund shares

Investments in the fund are intended to be limited to accounts beneficially owned by natural persons, and the fund has adopted policies and procedures reasonably designed to limit all beneficial owners of the fund to natural persons. The fund reserves the right to repurchase shares in any account that are not beneficially owned by natural persons, after providing 60 days' written notice. If you are buying or selling fund shares directly, you may do so by calling the fund's transfer agent at 1-888-547 FUND. You may also buy and sell fund shares through financial intermediaries who are authorized to accept purchase and sales orders on behalf of the fund. The minimum investment level for initial purchases generally is \$1,000. Subsequent purchases, and purchases through exchanges, are not subject to a minimum investment level. Shares of the fund may be redeemed in the same manner as they were purchased (*i.e.*, directly or through a financial intermediary). Shares can be purchased and redeemed on any business day on which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the New York Stock Exchange and the principal bond markets (as recommended by the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association) are open (unless a liquidity fee and/or temporary redemption gate has been imposed under exceptional circumstances).

Tax information

The dividends and distributions you receive from the fund are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income, capital gains or some combination of both, unless you hold shares through a tax-exempt account or plan, such as an individual retirement account or 401(k) plan, in which case dividends and distributions on your shares generally will be taxed when withdrawn from the tax-exempt account or plan.

Payments to broker-dealers and other financial intermediaries

If you purchase the fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), UBS AM and/or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for the sale of fund shares and related services, or other shareholder services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your financial advisor to recommend the fund over another investment. Ask your financial advisor or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund

Fund summary

Investment objective

Maximum current income exempt from federal income tax consistent with liquidity and the preservation of capital.

Fees and expenses of the fund

These tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the fund. You may pay other fees, such as fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table or example below.

Shareholder fees *(fees paid directly from your investment)*

Maximum front-end sales charge (load) imposed on purchases	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (load)	None

Annual fund operating expenses *(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)**

Management fees	0.20%
Distribution (12b-1) fees	0.25
Other expenses	0.19
Shareholder servicing fee	0.10
Miscellaneous expenses	0.09
Total annual fund operating expenses	0.64
Fee waiver/expense reimbursement ¹	0.14
Total annual fund operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement ¹	0.50

* The fund invests in securities through an underlying master fund, Tax-Free Master Fund. This table reflects the direct expenses of the fund and its share of expenses of Tax-Free Master Fund, including management fees allocated from Tax-Free Master Fund. Management fees are comprised of investment advisory and administration fees.

¹ The fund and UBS Asset Management (Americas) Inc. ("UBS AM") have entered into a written fee waiver/expense reimbursement agreement pursuant to which UBS AM is contractually obligated to waive its management fees and/or reimburse the fund so that the fund's operating expenses through August 31, 2022 (excluding interest expense, if any, expenses related to shareholders' meetings and extraordinary items) would not exceed 0.50%. The fund has agreed to repay UBS AM for any waived fees/reimbursed expenses to the extent that it can do so over the three years following such waived fees/reimbursed expenses without causing the fund's expenses in any of those three years to exceed the expense cap in place at the time the fee was waived. The fee waiver/expense reimbursement agreement may be terminated by the fund's board at any time and also will terminate automatically upon the expiration or termination of the fund's contract with UBS AM. Upon termination of the agreement, however, UBS AM's three year recoupment rights will survive.

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the fund's operating expenses remain the same.*

Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund	\$51	\$191	\$343	\$785

* Except that the expenses reflect the effects of the fund's fee waiver/expense reimbursement agreement, including any recoupments, for the first year only.

Principal strategies

Principal investments

The fund is a money market fund and seeks to maintain a stable price of \$1.00 per share. The fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing in a diversified portfolio of high quality, municipal money market instruments.

Under normal circumstances, the fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowing for investment purposes) in investments, the income from which is exempt from federal income tax. Investments that are subject to the alternative minimum tax are not counted towards satisfying the 80% test in the foregoing sentence. Under normal circumstances, the fund may invest only up to 20% of its net assets in municipal securities that pay interest that is an item of tax preference for purposes of the alternative minimum tax.

Money market instruments generally are short-term debt obligations and similar securities. They also may include longer-term bonds that have variable interest rates or other special features that give them the financial characteristics of short-term debt.

The fund invests in securities through an underlying master fund. The fund and its corresponding master fund have the same objective. Unless otherwise indicated, references to the fund include the master fund.

The fund is a "retail money market fund," as such term is defined in the rule governing money market funds and related interpretations. "Retail money market funds" are money market funds that have policies and procedures reasonably designed to limit all beneficial owners of the fund to natural persons. As a "retail money market fund," the fund is permitted to seek to maintain a stable price per share.

The fund may be subject to the possible imposition of a liquidity fee and/or temporary redemption gate should certain triggering events occur.

Management process

UBS Asset Management (Americas) Inc. (“UBS AM”) acts as the investment advisor. As investment advisor, UBS AM makes the fund’s investment decisions. UBS AM selects money market instruments for the fund based on its assessment of relative values and changes in market and economic conditions.

Principal risks

All investments carry a certain amount of risk, and the fund cannot guarantee that it will achieve its investment objective.

You could lose money by investing in the fund. Although the fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. The Fund may impose a fee upon the sale of your shares or may temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the fund’s liquidity falls below a required minimum because of market conditions or other factors. An investment in the fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The fund’s sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the fund, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the fund at any time.

Money market instruments generally have a low risk of loss, but they are not risk-free. The principal risks presented by an investment in the fund are:

Credit risk: Issuers of money market instruments or financial institutions that have entered into repurchase agreements with the fund may fail to make payments when due or complete transactions, or they may become less willing or less able to do so.

Interest rate risk: The value of the fund’s investments generally will fall when interest rates rise, and its yield will tend to lag behind prevailing rates. The fund may face a heightened level of interest rate risk due to certain changes in monetary policy, such as certain types of interest rate changes by the Federal Reserve. During periods when interest rates are low or there are negative interest rates, the fund’s yield (and total return) also may be low or the fund may be unable to maintain positive returns and may experience volatility of its net asset value (“NAV”) per share.

Market risk: The risk that the market value of the fund’s investments may fluctuate, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, as the markets fluctuate, which may affect the fund’s ability to maintain a \$1.00 share price. Market risk may affect a single issuer, industry, or sector of the economy, or it may affect the market as a whole. Moreover, changing market, economic, political and social conditions in one country or geographic region could adversely impact market, economic, political and social conditions in other countries or regions.

Liquidity risk: Although the fund invests in a diversified portfolio of high quality instruments, the fund’s investments may become less liquid as a result of market developments or adverse investor perception. If this happens, the fund’s ability to redeem its shares for cash may be affected.

Management risk: The risk that the investment strategies, techniques and risk analyses employed by the advisor may not produce the desired results.

Financial services sector risk: Investments of the fund in the financial services sector may be particularly affected by economic cycles, business developments, interest rate changes and regulatory changes.

Municipal securities risk: Municipal securities are subject to interest rate and credit risks. The ability of a municipal issuer to make payments and the value of municipal securities can be affected by uncertainties in the municipal securities market. Such uncertainties could cause increased volatility in the municipal securities market and could negatively impact the fund's net asset value and/or the distributions paid by the fund. Municipalities continue to experience difficulties in the current economic and political environment.

Performance

Risk/return bar chart and table

The following bar chart and table provide information about the fund's performance and thus give some indication of the risks of an investment in the fund.

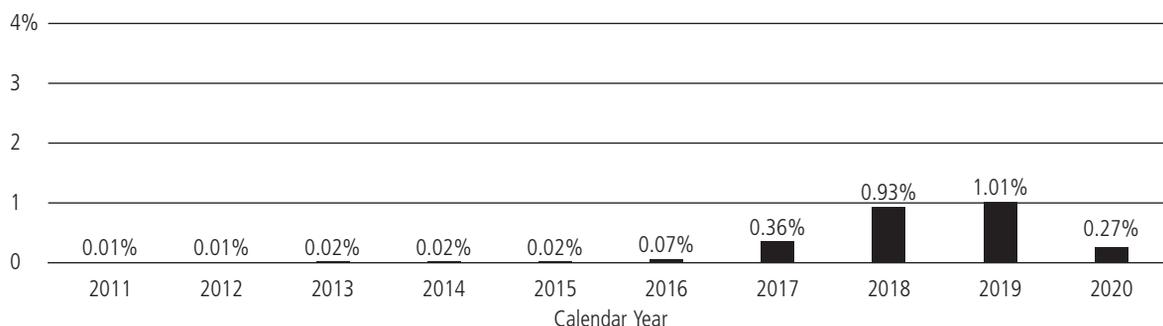
The bar chart shows how the fund's performance has varied from year to year.

The table that follows the bar chart shows the average annual returns over the various time periods for the fund's shares.

The fund's past performance does not necessarily indicate how the fund will perform in the future.

UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund Annual Total Returns

Total return



Total return January 1 to June 30, 2021: 0.01%

Best quarter during years shown—2Q 2019: 0.31%

Worst quarter during years shown—1Q 2011: 0.00% (Actual total return was 0.0024%)

Updated performance information is available (1) by contacting your Financial Advisor, (2) by calling 1-888-793-8637 (Option #1) and (3) on the fund's website at <https://www.ubs.com/usmoneymarketfunds>.

Average annual total returns *(for the periods ended December 31, 2020)*

One year	0.27%
Five years	0.53
Ten years	0.27

Investment advisor

UBS AM serves as the investment advisor to the fund.

Purchase & sale of fund shares

Investments in the fund are intended to be limited to accounts beneficially owned by natural persons, and the fund has adopted policies and procedures reasonably designed to limit all beneficial owners of the fund to natural persons. The fund reserves the right to repurchase shares in any account that are not beneficially owned by natural persons, after providing 60 days' written notice. If you are buying or selling fund shares directly, you may do so by calling the fund's transfer agent at 1-888-547 FUND. You may also buy and sell fund shares through financial intermediaries who are authorized to accept purchase and sales orders on behalf of the fund. The minimum investment level for initial purchases generally is \$1,000. Subsequent purchases, and purchases through exchanges, are not subject to a minimum investment level. Shares of the fund may be redeemed in the same manner as they were purchased (*i.e.*, directly or through a financial intermediary). Shares can be purchased and redeemed on any business day on which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the New York Stock Exchange and the principal bond markets (as recommended by the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association) are open (unless a liquidity fee and/or temporary redemption gate has been imposed under exceptional circumstances).

Tax information

The dividends you receive from the fund generally are not subject to federal income tax. If you are subject to alternative minimum tax, a portion of the dividends paid by the fund may be included in computing such taxes. Distributions of any capital gains are generally subject to federal income tax.

Payments to broker-dealers and other financial intermediaries

If you purchase the fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), UBS AM and/or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for the sale of fund shares and related services, or other shareholder services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your financial advisor to recommend the fund over another investment. Ask your financial advisor or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

More information about the funds

Additional information about the investment objectives

Each fund's investment objective may not be changed without shareholder approval.

Additional information about investment strategies

UBS Prime Investor Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing in a diversified portfolio of high quality money market instruments of governmental and private issuers, which may include short-term obligations of the US government and its instrumentalities; repurchase agreements; obligations of issuers in the financial services group of industries; commercial paper, other corporate obligations and asset-backed securities; and municipal money market securities.

UBS Prime Investor Fund is classified by UBS AM as an "ESG-integrated" fund. UBS Prime Investor Fund's investment process integrates material sustainability and/or environmental, social and governance ("ESG") considerations into the research process. ESG integration is driven by taking into account material ESG risks which could impact investment returns, rather than being driven by specific ethical principles or norms. The analysis of material sustainability/ESG considerations can include many different aspects, including, for example, the carbon footprint, employee health and well-being, supply chain management, fair customer treatment and governance processes of a company. UBS Prime Investor Fund's portfolio managers may still invest in securities with a higher ESG risk profile where the portfolio managers believe the potential compensation outweighs the risks identified.

UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing in a diversified portfolio of high quality, municipal money market investments. Under normal circumstances, UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowing for investment purposes) in investments, the income from which is exempt from federal income tax.

UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund's 80% policy is a "fundamental policy." This means that the fund may not deviate from its 80% policy without the approval of its shareholders.

Like all money market funds, each of the funds is subject to maturity, quality, diversification and liquidity requirements pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended ("Rule 2a-7"), designed to help it maintain a stable price of \$1.00 per share. Each of the funds' investment strategies are designed to comply with these requirements. Each of the funds may invest in high quality, short-term, US dollar-denominated money market instruments paying a fixed, variable or floating interest rate.

Each fund is a "retail money market fund," as such term is defined in the rule governing money market funds and related interpretations. "Retail money market funds" are money market funds that have policies and procedures reasonably designed to limit all beneficial owners of the fund to natural persons. As a "retail money market fund," each fund is permitted to seek to maintain a stable share price.

UBS AM may use a number of professional money management techniques to respond to changing economic and money market conditions and to shifts in fiscal and monetary policy. These tech-

niques include varying each fund's composition and weighted average maturity based upon UBS AM's assessment of the relative values of various money market instruments and future interest rate patterns. UBS AM also may buy or sell money market instruments to take advantage of yield differences.

Additional information about principal risks

The main risks of investing in the funds are described below. As indicated below, not all of these risks apply to each fund. The fund(s) to which the main risks apply are noted below.

Other risks of investing in a fund, along with further details about some of the risks described below, are discussed in the funds' Statement of Additional Information ("SAI"). Information on how you can obtain the SAI can be found on the back cover of this prospectus.

Credit risk (Both funds). Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or guarantor of money market instruments, or the counterparty to a transaction, is unable or unwilling to meet its financial obligations. Even if an issuer or counterparty does not default on a payment, an investment's value may decline if the market believes that the issuer or counterparty has become less able, or less willing, to make payments on time. Even the highest quality investments are subject to some credit risk. The credit quality of an issuer or counterparty can change rapidly due to market developments and may affect the fund's ability to maintain a \$1.00 share price.

Interest rate risk (Both funds). The value of money market instruments generally can be expected to fall when short-term interest rates rise and to rise when short-term interest rates fall. Interest rate risk is the risk that interest rates will rise, so that the value of a fund's investments will fall. Also, a fund's yield will tend to lag behind changes in

prevailing short-term interest rates. This means that a fund's income will tend to rise more slowly than increases in short-term interest rates. Similarly, when short-term interest rates are falling, a fund's income generally will tend to fall more slowly.

A fund may face a heightened level of interest rate risk due to certain changes in monetary policy, such as certain types of interest rate changes by the Federal Reserve. The risks associated with changing interest rates may have unpredictable effects on the markets and a fund's investments. A sudden or unpredictable increase in interest rates may cause volatility in the market and may decrease liquidity in the money market securities markets, making it harder for a fund to sell its money market investments at an advantageous time. Decreased market liquidity also may make it more difficult to value some or all of a fund's money market securities holdings. Certain countries have experienced negative interest rates on certain fixed-income securities. A low or negative interest rate environment may pose additional risks to a fund because low or negative yields on a fund's portfolio holdings may have an adverse impact on a fund's ability to provide a positive yield to its shareholders, pay expenses out of fund assets, or may cause the fund to experience volatility of its NAV per share.

Market risk (Both funds). The risk that the market value of a fund's investments will fluctuate as the stock and fixed-income markets fluctuate. Market risk may affect a single issuer, industry or sector of the economy, or it may affect the market as a whole. In addition, turbulence in financial markets and reduced liquidity in equity and/or fixed-income markets may negatively affect a fund. Global economies and financial markets are becoming increasingly interconnected, and conditions and events in one country, region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country,

region or financial market. These risks may be magnified if certain events or developments adversely interrupt the global supply chain, and could affect companies worldwide. Recent examples include pandemic risks related to the novel coronavirus (“COVID-19”) and the aggressive measures taken worldwide in response by (i) governments, including closing borders, restricting travel and imposing prolonged quarantines of, or similar restrictions on, large populations, and (ii) businesses, including forced or voluntary closures, changes to operations and reductions of staff. The effects of COVID-19 have contributed to increased volatility in global financial markets and may affect certain countries, regions, companies, industries and market sectors more dramatically than others. The COVID-19 pandemic has had, and any other outbreak of an infectious disease or serious environmental or public health concern could have, a significant negative impact on economic and market conditions, could exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks in certain countries or regions and could trigger a prolonged period of global economic slowdown, which may impact a fund. It is not known how long the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic will, or future impacts of other significant events would, last or the severity thereof. To the extent a fund is overweight in certain countries, regions, companies, industries or market sectors, such positions will increase the risk of loss from adverse developments affecting those countries, regions, companies, industries or sectors. Moreover, the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and certain other US regulators are reviewing the regulation of money market funds and may propose further changes to the rules, including Rule 2a-7, that govern the funds’ operations.

Liquidity risk (Both funds). The funds’ investments may become less liquid due to market developments or adverse investor perception. When there is no

willing buyer and investments cannot be readily sold at the desired time or price, the funds may have to accept a lower price or may not be able to sell an instrument at all. The inability to sell an instrument could adversely affect a fund’s ability to maintain a \$1.00 share price or prevent the fund from being able to take advantage of other investment opportunities. This risk may increase during an unusually high volume of redemption requests by even a few large investors or unusual market conditions, or as a result of government intervention, political, social, health, economic or market developments.

Management risk (Both funds). There is the risk that the investment strategies, techniques and risk analyses employed by the advisor may not produce the desired results. The advisor may be incorrect in its assessment of a particular security or assessment of market, interest rate or other trends, which can result in losses to a fund.

Concentration risk (UBS Prime Investor Fund). UBS Prime Investor Fund will invest a significant portion of its assets in securities issued by companies in the financial services group of industries, including US banking, non-US banking, broker-dealers, insurance companies, finance companies (e.g., automobile finance) and related asset-backed securities. As a result, UBS Prime Investor Fund’s performance will be significantly impacted, both positively and negatively, by developments in the financial services sector, and the fund will be more susceptible to such developments than other funds that do not concentrate their investments.

Financial services sector risk (Both funds). Investments in the financial services sector may be particularly affected by economic cycles, business developments, interest rate changes and regulatory changes. For example, declining economic and business conditions can disproportionately impact companies in the financial services sector due to

increased defaults on payments by borrowers. Interest rate increases can also adversely affect the financial services sector by increasing the cost of capital available for financial services companies. In addition, financial services companies are heavily regulated by governmental entities and, as a result, political and regulatory changes can affect the operations and financial results of such companies, potentially imposing additional costs and possibly restricting the businesses in which those companies may engage.

Asset-backed securities risk (UBS Prime Investor Fund). The fund may purchase securities representing interests in underlying assets, but structured to provide certain advantages not inherent in those assets (e.g., enhanced liquidity and yields linked to short-term interest rates). If those securities behaved in a way that the advisor did not anticipate, or if the security structures encountered unexpected difficulties, the fund could suffer a loss. Structured securities represent a significant portion of the short-term securities markets.

US Government securities risk (UBS Prime Investor Fund). Credit risk is the risk that the issuer will not make principal or interest payments when they are due. There are different types of US government securities with different relative levels of credit risk depending on the nature of the particular government support for that security. US government securities may be supported by (1) the full faith and credit of the US; (2) the ability of the issuer to borrow from the US Treasury; (3) the credit of the issuing agency, instrumentality or government-sponsored entity; (4) pools of assets (e.g., mortgage-backed securities); or (5) the US in some other way. In some cases, there is even the risk of default. For example, for asset-backed securities there is the risk those assets will decrease in value below the face value of the security. Similarly,

for certain agency issued securities there is no guarantee the US government will support the agency if it is unable to meet its obligations. Further, the US government and its agencies and instrumentalities do not guarantee the market value of their securities; consequently, the value of such securities will fluctuate. This may be the case especially when there is any controversy or ongoing uncertainty regarding the status of negotiations in the US Congress to increase the statutory debt ceiling. If the US Congress is unable to negotiate an adjustment to the statutory debt ceiling, there is also the risk that the US government may default on payments on certain US government securities, including those held by the fund, which could have a material negative impact on the fund.

Repurchase agreements risk (UBS Prime Investor Fund). Repurchase agreements carry certain risks not associated with direct investments in securities, including a possible decline in the market value of the underlying obligations. If their value becomes less than the repurchase price, plus any agreed-upon additional amount, the counterparty must provide additional collateral so that at all times the collateral is at least equal to the repurchase price plus any agreed-upon additional amount. Repurchase agreements involving obligations other than US government securities (such as commercial paper, corporate bonds, mortgage loans and equities) may be subject to special risks and may not have the benefit of certain protections in the event of the counterparty's insolvency. If the seller or guarantor becomes insolvent, the fund may suffer delays, costs and possible losses in connection with the disposition of collateral.

Foreign investing risk (UBS Prime Investor Fund). UBS Prime Investor Fund may invest in foreign money market instruments that are denominated in US dollars. Foreign investing may involve

risks relating to political, social and economic developments abroad to a greater extent than investing in the securities of US issuers. Foreign investments may also be subject to risk of loss because of more or less foreign government regulation, less public information and less stringent investor protections and disclosure standards. In addition, there are differences between US and foreign regulatory requirements and market practices.

Municipal securities risk (Both funds). Municipal securities are subject to interest rate, credit, illiquidity, market and political risks. The ability of a municipal issuer to make payments and the value of municipal securities can be affected by uncertainties in the municipal securities market, including litigation, the strength of the local or national economy, the issuer's ability to raise revenues through tax or other means, the bankruptcy of the issuer affecting the rights of municipal securities holders and budgetary constraints of local, state and federal governments upon which the issuer may be relying for funding. Municipal securities and issuers of municipal securities may be more susceptible to downgrade, default and bankruptcy during periods of economic stress. In addition, the municipal securities market can be significantly affected by political changes, including legislation or proposals at either the state or the federal level to eliminate or limit the tax-exempt status of municipal security interest or, with respect to UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund, the tax-exempt status of a fund's dividends. Similarly, reductions in tax rates may make municipal securities less attractive in comparison to taxable securities. Legislatures also may be unable or unwilling to appropriate funds needed to pay municipal security obligations. These events can cause the value of the municipal securities held by the fund to fall and, with respect to UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund, might adversely affect the tax-exempt status of a fund's investments or of the dividends that a fund pays. In

addition, third-party credit quality or liquidity enhancements are frequently a characteristic of the structure of municipal securities purchased by money market funds. Problems encountered by such third-parties (such as issues negatively impacting a municipal security insurer or bank issuing a liquidity enhancement facility) may negatively impact a municipal security even though the related municipal issuer is not experiencing problems.

Additional (non-principal) risks

LIBOR replacement risk. Certain variable- and floating- rate debt securities that a fund may invest in are subject to rates that are tied to an interest rate, such as the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"). In 2017, the United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA") announced that after 2021 it will cease its active encouragement of banks to provide the quotations needed to sustain LIBOR. On March 5, 2021, the FCA announced that all LIBOR settings will either cease to be provided by any administrator, or no longer be representative immediately after December 31, 2021, for all four LIBOR settings (Great British Pound ("GBP"), Euro, Swiss Franc and Japanese Yen) and one-week and two-month US dollar LIBOR settings, and immediately after June 30, 2023 for the remaining US dollar LIBOR settings, including three-month US dollar LIBOR. Replacement rates that have been identified include the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"), which is intended to replace US dollar LIBOR and measures the cost of overnight borrowings through repurchase agreement transactions collateralized with US Treasury securities, and the Sterling Overnight Index Average Rate ("SONIA"), which is intended to replace GBP LIBOR and measures the overnight interest rate paid by banks for unsecured transactions in the sterling market, although other replacement rates could be adopted by market participants. The unavailability or replacement of LIBOR may affect the value, liquidity

or return on, and may cause increased volatility in markets for, certain fund investments and may result in costs incurred in connection with closing out positions and entering into new trades. Accordingly, the potential effect of a transition away from LIBOR on a fund or the debt securities or other instruments based on LIBOR in which a fund invests cannot yet be determined. Any pricing adjustments to a fund's investments resulting from a substitute reference rate may also adversely affect the fund's performance and/or net asset value. The usefulness of LIBOR as a benchmark could deteriorate during the transition period and, at this time, it is not possible to predict the effect of the establishment of SOFR, SONIA or any other replacement rates or any other reforms to LIBOR.

Political risk (UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund). With respect to UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund, political or regulatory developments could adversely affect the tax-exempt status of interest paid on municipal securities or the tax-exempt status of a municipal money market fund's dividends. In addition, changes to policies regarding the funding of municipalities by local, state or federal governments could adversely affect the value of such municipal securities held by the fund. These developments could also cause the value of a fund's municipal money market instruments to fall.

Securities lending risk (Both funds). Securities lending involves the lending of portfolio securities owned by a fund to qualified broker-dealers and financial institutions. When lending portfolio securities, a fund initially will require the borrower to provide the fund with collateral, most commonly cash, which the fund will invest. Although a fund invests this collateral in a conservative manner, it is possible that it could lose money from such an investment or fail to earn sufficient income from its investment to cover the fee or rebate that it has agreed to pay

the borrower. Loans of securities also involve a risk that the borrower may fail to return the securities or deliver the proper amount of collateral, which may result in a loss to a fund. In addition, in the event of bankruptcy of the borrower, a fund could experience losses or delays in recovering the loaned securities. In some cases, these risks may be mitigated by an indemnification provided by the funds' lending agent.

Structured security risk (UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund). The fund may purchase securities representing interests in underlying assets, but structured to provide certain advantages not inherent in those assets (e.g., enhanced liquidity and yields linked to short-term interest rates). If those securities behaved in a way that the advisor did not anticipate, or if the security structures encountered unexpected difficulties, the fund could suffer a loss. Structured securities represent a significant portion of the short-term securities markets.

Defensive positions for UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund. During adverse market conditions or when the advisor believes there is an insufficient supply of the municipal securities in which Tax-Free Master Fund primarily invests, the fund may temporarily invest in other types of municipal securities or may invest in money market instruments that pay taxable interest. These investments may not be consistent with achieving the fund's investment objective during the periods that they are held and may entail additional risks (such as those to which UBS Prime Investor Fund is subject).

Temporary and defensive positioning (Both funds). During adverse market conditions or when the advisor believes there is an insufficient supply of appropriate money market securities in which to invest, a fund may temporarily hold uninvested cash in lieu of such investments. UBS Prime Investor

Fund will, under normal circumstances, invest more than 25% of its total assets in the financial services group of industries. UBS Prime Investor Fund may, however, invest less than 25% of its total assets in this group of industries as a defensive measure. During periods when such temporary or defensive positions are held, a fund may not be able to fully pursue its investment objective. Such positions may also subject a fund to additional costs and risks, such as increased exposure to cash held at a custodian bank.

Managing your fund account

The following pages tell you how to buy, sell and exchange shares of each fund.

Investments in each fund are intended to be limited to accounts beneficially owned by natural persons. Natural persons may invest in the funds through certain tax-advantaged savings accounts, trusts and other retirement and investment accounts, which may include, among others: participant-directed defined contribution plans; individual retirement accounts; simplified employee pension arrangements; simple retirement accounts; custodial accounts; deferred compensation plans for government or tax-exempt organization employees; Archer medical savings accounts; college savings plans; health savings account plans; ordinary trusts and estates of natural persons; or certain other retirement and investment accounts having an institutional decision maker (e.g., a plan sponsor in certain retirement arrangements or an investment adviser managing discretionary investment accounts) with ultimate investment authority held by the natural person beneficial owner. (As noted under "Taxes" below, UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund is generally not an appropriate investment for tax-sheltered retirement plans and similar arrangements.) Each fund has adopted policies and procedures reasonably designed to limit all beneficial owners of the fund to natural persons. Each fund reserves the right to repurchase shares in any account that are not beneficially owned by natural persons, after providing sufficient notice.

Financial intermediaries may only submit purchase orders if they have implemented policies and procedures reasonably designed to limit all investors on behalf of whom they submit orders to accounts beneficially owned by natural persons. Financial intermediaries may be required by a fund or its

principal underwriter/distributor to provide a written statement or other representation that they have in place, and operate in compliance with, such policies and procedures prior to submitting purchase orders. The funds reserve the right to redeem shares in any account that they cannot confirm to their satisfaction are beneficially owned by natural persons, after providing advance notice.

If, pursuant to authorization from the fund, a financial intermediary accepts trade orders on the fund's behalf, upon the fund's reasonable request, the financial intermediary is expected to promptly provide the fund or the principal underwriter/distributor with information regarding the timing of its acceptance of such trade orders for purposes of, among other things, validating which net asset value calculation should be applied to such trades and determining whether the orders preceded or followed the effective implementation time of a liquidity fee or redemption gate, or a modification thereto.

Buying shares

The funds accept the settlement of purchase orders only in available federal funds deposited by a commercial bank in an account at a Federal Reserve Bank, which can be transferred to a similar account of another bank in one day and may be made immediately available to a fund through its custodian.

You may buy fund shares through financial intermediaries who are authorized to accept purchase orders on behalf of the funds. If you buy fund shares through a financial intermediary who holds them in its own name on your behalf (in "street name"), the financial intermediary is responsible for sending the order to the transfer agent. You may

not call the funds' transfer agent directly if your shares are held in "street name," but should direct all your requests to buy, sell or exchange shares directly to your financial intermediary.

You may also buy fund shares directly by calling the funds' transfer agent, BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (US) Inc. ("BNY Mellon"), at 1-888-547 FUND and speaking to a representative. If you buy fund shares directly, you will need to complete an account application in connection with your initial purchase. You can get a copy of the application from UBS Asset Management (US) Inc., the fund's distributor ("UBS AM (US)"), or a financial intermediary or by calling the transfer agent toll-free 1-888-547 FUND.

You buy shares based upon the net asset value next determined after receipt of your purchase order in good form by the transfer agent. A fund must receive payment on the same day. Your purchase order will be effective only if (1) you or your financial intermediary wires payment in federal funds on the same business day that you place your order, and (2) the wire is actually credited to the fund's bank account by a Federal Reserve Bank on that day. Otherwise, the order will be rejected. A business day is any day on which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), and the principal bond markets (as recommended by the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association ("SIFMA")) are open. (Holidays are listed on Appendix A to this prospectus.)

The charts below show processing times by which orders received by the funds' transfer agent will normally be executed. All times shown below represent Eastern time. Financial intermediaries may impose additional guidelines for when orders must be placed.

For UBS Prime Investor Fund:

If a purchase order is received:	The order will normally be executed as of:
By 9:00 a.m.	9:00 a.m.
After 9:00 a.m. and before 10:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
After 10:00 a.m. and before 11:00 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
After 11:00 a.m. and before 12:00 (noon)	12:00 (noon)
After 12:00 (noon) and before 1:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
After 1:00 p.m. and before 2:00 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
After 2:00 p.m. and before 3:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
After 3:00 p.m. and before 4:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
After 4:00 p.m. and before 5:00 p.m.	5:00 p.m.

For UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund:

If a purchase order is received:	The order will normally be executed as of:
By 9:00 a.m.	9:00 a.m.
After 9:00 a.m. and before 10:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
After 10:00 a.m. and before 11:00 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
After 11:00 a.m. and before 12:00 (noon)	12:00 (noon)

UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund does not accept purchase orders received after 12:00 (noon) (Eastern time).

A fund may advance the time by which orders to buy or sell its shares must be received by the transfer agent on any day that the NYSE closes early because trading has been halted for the day. UBS Prime Investor Fund will advance the final time by which orders to buy or sell shares must be received by the transfer agent to 3:00 p.m. (Eastern time) on those days that SIFMA has recommended that the bond markets close early. (The normal deadline for purchases and redemptions for the Tax-Free Fund is noon (Eastern time).) Appendix A to this prospectus lists the SIFMA US "early closing" holiday recommendations schedule for the remainder of 2021 and for 2022. These "early closing" days most often occur on a business day prior to a national holiday.

The funds, UBS AM and UBS AM (US) have the right to reject a purchase order and to suspend the offering of fund shares for a period of time or permanently. UBS AM (US) may return without notice money wired to a fund if the investor fails to place a corresponding share purchase order.

Wire instructions. You may instruct your bank to transfer federal funds by wire to:

Bank Name:	Bank of New York Mellon
ABA:	011001234
Credit:	000073-5515
	BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (US) Inc. as Agent for UBS Funds
Further Credit:	Beneficiary Fund/Account Number (Shareholder account number)

You should not wire money directly to the funds' transfer agent if your shares are held in "street name," as described above in "Buying shares." A financial intermediary or your bank may impose a service charge for wire transfers.

Minimum investment. The minimum investment level for initial purchases generally is \$1,000. Financial intermediaries may satisfy this minimum requirement if the "street name" accounts established with the funds on behalf of each of their clients meet this threshold. Direct purchasers may invest in the funds only if they have a relationship with a financial intermediary who has entered into a shareholder servicing agreement with UBS AM (US). Subsequent purchases, and purchases through exchanges, are not subject to a minimum investment level.

UBS AM (US) may waive this minimum under other circumstances in its discretion. The funds may change their minimum investment requirements at any time. Investments must be denominated in US dollars.

If a fund account balance has fallen below the minimum initial investment amount, UBS AM (US) reserves the right to reject your purchase order to add to the account unless the account balance will be at least such amount after the purchase. These minimum investment requirements are waived with respect to accounts of clients of UBS AG.

Electronic trade entry. The funds may offer an electronic trade order entry capability to eligible institutional investors who meet certain conditions. This option is not available if your shares are held in "street name," as described above in "Buying shares." For more information about this option and its availability, contact your investment professional at your financial intermediary, or contact the transfer agent at 1-888-547 FUND.

Selling shares

You may sell your shares through financial intermediaries that are authorized to accept redemption requests. If you sell your shares through a financial intermediary who holds them in its own

name on your behalf (in “street name”), the financial intermediary is then responsible for sending the order to the transfer agent. You may not call the funds’ transfer agent directly if your shares are held in “street name,” but should direct all your requests to buy, sell or exchange shares directly to your financial intermediary.

You may also sell your shares by calling the transfer agent directly at 1-888-547 FUND and speaking with a representative.

You sell shares based upon the net asset value next determined after receipt of your redemption order in good form by the transfer agent. A redemption order will not be in good form unless it is received by the fund’s transfer agent prior to the deadlines set forth below. Orders that are not received in good form will not be executed at the net asset value next determined after receipt of the order.

The charts below show processing times by which orders received by the funds’ transfer agent will normally be executed. All times shown below represent Eastern time.

For UBS Prime Investor Fund:

If a redemption order is received:	The order will normally be executed as of:
By 9:00 a.m.	9:00 a.m.
After 9:00 a.m. and before 10:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
After 10:00 a.m. and before 11:00 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
After 11:00 a.m. and before 12:00 (noon)	12:00 (noon)
After 12:00 (noon) and before 1:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.

If a redemption order is received:	The order will normally be executed as of:
After 1:00 p.m. and before 2:00 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
After 2:00 p.m. and before 3:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
After 3:00 p.m. and before 4:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
After 4:00 p.m. and before 5:00 p.m.	5:00 p.m.

For UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund:

If a redemption order is received:	The order will normally be executed as of:
By 9:00 a.m.	9:00 a.m.
After 9:00 a.m. and before 10:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
After 10:00 a.m. and before 11:00 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
After 11:00 a.m. and before 12:00 (noon)	12:00 (noon)

UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund does not accept redemption orders received after 12:00 (noon) (Eastern time) (and therefore, orders for UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund received after that time will not be in good form).

As noted above under “Buying shares,” UBS Prime Investor Fund may advance the time for the transfer agent’s receipt of orders to sell shares (e.g., days on which securities markets close early prior to a national holiday).

Your sales proceeds will be paid in cash. Proceeds from the sale will be wired to one or more accounts you have designated. If a redemption order is received by 5:00 p.m. (Eastern time) (noon (Eastern

time) in the case of UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund), the proceeds ordinarily will be transmitted in federal funds on the same day. If you sell all the shares you own, dividends accrued for the month to date will be paid in federal funds and wired or deposited on the same day to the accounts noted above.

If the transfer agent receives your order to sell shares late in the day, it will process your order and initiate a wire. However, your bank account or your account at your financial intermediary may not receive the proceeds in a timely manner if a Federal Reserve Bank is experiencing delay in transfer of funds. Neither the funds, UBS AM, UBS AM (US), a financial intermediary nor the transfer agent is responsible for the performance of a bank or any of its intermediaries.

The transfer agent will process orders to sell shares only if you have on file with it a properly completed account application (including any information that the fund or the transfer agent may require to confirm eligibility) with a signature guarantee (if you have previously completed one in connection with a direct purchase of fund shares), or other authentication acceptable to the transfer agent. The account application requires you to designate the account(s) for wiring sales proceeds. You must submit any change in the designated account(s) for sale proceeds in a form acceptable to the transfer agent. The transfer agent will not place the sales order if the information you provide does not correspond to the information on your application or account records.

A signature guarantee may be obtained from a financial institution, broker, dealer or clearing agency that is a participant in one of the medallion programs recognized by the Securities Transfer Agents Association. These are: Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program (STAMP), Stock Exchanges Medallion Program (SEMP) and the

New York Stock Exchange Medallion Signature Program (MSP). The transfer agent will not accept signature guarantees that are not part of these programs.

Typically, redemptions of fund shares will be made by the funds wiring a cash payment or a deposit into your account. The funds typically expect to meet redemption requests by using holdings of cash or cash equivalents and/or proceeds from the sale or maturity of portfolio holdings. Although not routinely used by a fund, a fund reserves the right to pay proceeds "in kind" (i.e., payment in securities rather than cash) if the investment you are redeeming is large enough to affect a fund's operations or in particularly stressed market conditions. In these cases, you might incur transaction costs converting the securities to cash. The securities included in a redemption in kind may include illiquid securities that may not be immediately saleable.

If you have additional questions on selling shares, you should contact your investment professional at your financial intermediary or call the transfer agent at 1-888-547 FUND.

Exchanging shares

You may exchange shares of a fund for shares of the other fund offered in this prospectus or of UBS Select Treasury Investor Fund and of UBS Select Government Investor Fund.

Exchange orders for each fund are normally accepted up until noon (Eastern time) for UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund and 5:00 p.m. (Eastern time) for UBS Prime Investor Fund. Exchange orders received after those times will not be effected, and you or your financial intermediary will have to place an exchange order before those times on the following business day if you still wish to effect an exchange. If you exchange all your fund shares, the dividends

accrued on those shares for the month to date will also be invested in the shares of the other fund into which the exchange is made.

You can place an exchange order through a financial intermediary. The financial intermediary is then responsible for sending the order to the transfer agent. You may not call the funds' transfer agent directly if your shares are held in "street name," but should direct all your requests to buy, sell or exchange shares directly to your financial intermediary.

Shareholders making their initial purchase of another fund through an exchange should allow more time. These exchange orders should be received by the transfer agent at least one half hour before the exchange order deadline to allow the transfer agent sufficient time to establish an account in the new fund. The transfer agent may not be able to effect the exchange if this extra time is not allotted.

The funds may modify or terminate the exchange privilege at any time.

Transfer of account limitations

If you hold your shares with a broker or other financial intermediary, please note that if you change firms, you may not be able to transfer your fund shares to an account at the new firm. Fund shares may only be transferred to an account held with a broker or other financial intermediary that has entered into an agreement with the fund's principal underwriter. If you cannot transfer your shares to another firm, you may choose to hold the shares directly in your own name with the fund's transfer agent, BNY Mellon. Please contact your broker or other financial intermediary for information on how to transfer your shares to the fund's transfer agent. If you transfer your shares to the fund's transfer agent, the fund's principal underwriter may be

named as the dealer of record, and you will receive ongoing account statements from BNY Mellon. Should you have any questions regarding the portability of your fund shares, please contact your broker or other financial intermediary.

Additional information about your account

You will receive a confirmation of your initial purchase of fund shares, and subsequent transactions may be reported on periodic account statements. These periodic statements may be sent monthly except that, if your only fund activity in a quarter was reinvestment of dividends, the activity may be reported on a quarterly rather than a monthly statement.

To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, federal law requires all financial institutions to obtain, verify and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. If you do not provide the information requested, a fund may not be able to maintain your account. If a fund is unable to verify your identity (or that of another person(s) authorized to act on your behalf) within a reasonable time, the fund and UBS AM (US) reserve the right to close your account and/or take such other action they deem reasonable or required by law. If we decide to close your account for this reason, your fund shares will be redeemed at the net asset value per share next calculated after the account is closed, less any applicable fees. You may recognize a gain or loss on the redemption of your fund shares and you may incur a tax liability.

Upon receipt of a proper redemption request submitted in a timely manner and otherwise in accordance with the redemption procedures set forth in this prospectus, each fund will redeem the requested shares and make a payment to you in satisfaction thereof no later than the business day following the redemption

request (under normal circumstances, on the same day). Each fund may postpone and/or suspend redemption and payment beyond one business day (but within seven calendar days) for any period during which there is a non-routine closure of the Fedwire or applicable Federal Reserve Banks. In addition, each fund may also postpone or suspend redemption and payment as follows: (1) for any period (a) during which the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is closed other than customary weekend and holiday closings or (b) during which trading on the NYSE is restricted; (2) for any period during which an emergency exists as a result of which (a) disposal by the fund of securities owned by it is not reasonably practicable or (b) it is not reasonably practicable for the fund fairly to determine the net asset value of shares of the fund; (3) for any period during which the US Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") has, by rule or regulation, deemed that (a) trading shall be restricted or (b) an emergency exists; (4) for any period that the SEC may by order permit for your protection; (5) for any period during which the fund, as part of a necessary liquidation of the fund, has properly postponed and/or suspended redemption of shares and payment in accordance with federal securities laws; or (6) if the board determines to impose a redemption gate in accordance with Rule 2a-7 (see "Information on liquidity fees and redemption gates" below).

A financial intermediary buying or selling shares for its customers is responsible for transmitting orders to the transfer agent in accordance with its customer agreements and the procedures noted above. UBS AM (US) (not the funds) also may pay fees to entities that make shares of the funds available to others. The amount of these fees will be negotiated between UBS AM (US) and the entity.

It costs a fund money to maintain shareholder accounts. Therefore, each fund reserves the right to

repurchase all shares in any account that has a net asset value of less than \$500. If a fund elects to do this with your account, it will notify you that you can increase the amount invested to \$500 or more within 60 days. A fund will not repurchase shares in accounts that fall below \$500 solely because of a decrease in the fund's net asset value.

Information on liquidity fees and redemption gates

Pursuant to Rule 2a-7, each master fund's board is permitted to impose a liquidity fee on redemptions from a master fund (up to 2%) or a redemption gate to temporarily restrict redemptions from a master fund for up to 10 business days (in any 90-day period) in the event that such master fund's "weekly liquid assets" fall below certain designated thresholds. The impact of any such liquidity fee or redemption gate will flow through to the relevant feeder fund, which will implement a corresponding liquidity fee or redemption gate. Weekly liquid assets generally include cash, direct obligations of the US government, certain other US government or agency securities, securities that will mature or are subject to a demand feature that is exercisable and payable within five business days, and amounts receivable and due unconditionally within five business days on pending sales of portfolio securities.

If either master fund's weekly liquid assets fall below 30% of the master fund's total assets, the master fund's board is permitted, but not required, to: (i) impose a liquidity fee of no more than 2% of the amount redeemed; and/or (ii) impose a redemption gate to temporarily suspend the right of redemption.

Liquidity fees and redemption gates are most likely to be imposed only during times of extraordinary market stress or exceptional circumstances pertaining to a fund. The imposition and termination of a

liquidity fee or redemption gate will be reported by a fund to the SEC on Form N-CR. Such information will also be available on the funds' website (<https://www.ubs.com/usmoneymarketfunds>). In addition, a fund may make such announcements through a press release or by other means.

Liquidity fees would reduce the amount you receive upon redemption of your shares. A fund retains the liquidity fees for the benefit of remaining shareholders. Any redemption requests submitted while a redemption gate is in place will be cancelled without further notice. A new redemption request must be submitted to a fund if you wish to redeem your shares after the redemption gate has been lifted.

Each master fund's board may, in its discretion, terminate a liquidity fee or redemption gate at any time if it believes such action to be in the best interest of a master fund and its interestholders. Also, liquidity fees and redemption gates will automatically terminate at the beginning of the next business day once a master fund's weekly liquid assets reach at least 30% of its total assets. Redemption gates may only last up to 10 business days in any 90-day period. When a fee or a gate is in place, a fund may cease selling shares or subject the purchase of shares to certain conditions, which may include affirmation of the investor's knowledge that a fee or a gate is in effect. When a fee or a gate is in place, shareholders will not be permitted to exchange into or out of a fund. Each master fund's board may, in its discretion, permanently suspend redemptions and liquidate a master fund and, thus, its corresponding feeder fund, if, among other things, a master fund, at the end of a business day, has less than 10% of its total assets invested in weekly liquid assets.

There is some degree of uncertainty with respect to the tax treatment of liquidity fees received by money market funds, and such tax treatment may be the subject of future guidance issued by the

Internal Revenue Service ("IRS"). If a fund receives liquidity fees, it will consider the appropriate tax treatment of such fees to the fund at such time.

Market timing

Frequent purchases and redemptions of fund shares could increase each fund's transaction costs, such as market spreads and custodial fees, and may interfere with the efficient management of each fund's portfolio, which could impact each fund's performance. However, money market funds are generally used by investors for short-term investments, often in place of bank checking or savings accounts or for cash management purposes. Investors value the ability to add and withdraw their funds quickly, without restriction. UBS AM (US) anticipates that shareholders will purchase and sell fund shares frequently because each fund is designed to offer investors a liquid cash option. UBS AM (US) also believes that money market funds, such as the funds offered in this prospectus, are not targets of abusive trading practices. For these reasons, the board has not adopted policies and procedures, or imposed redemption fees or other restrictions such as minimum holding periods, to discourage excessive or short-term trading of fund shares.

Other UBS funds that are managed by UBS AM that are not money market funds have approved policies and procedures designed to discourage and prevent abusive trading practices. For more information about market timing policies and procedures for these funds, please see the funds' prospectuses.

Pricing and valuation

The price of fund shares is based on net asset value. The net asset value per share is equal to the value of all the assets of the fund, minus the liabilities of the fund, divided by the number of shares outstanding. In determining net asset value, each master fund values its securities at their amortized

cost (unless the fund's board (or its delegate) determines that this does not represent fair value), and each feeder fund buys the corresponding master fund's interests at the master fund's net asset value. The amortized cost method uses a constant amortization to maturity of the difference between the cost of the instrument to a fund and the amount due at maturity. Each fund's net asset value per share is expected to be \$1.00, although this value is not guaranteed.

The net asset value per share for UBS Prime Investor Fund is normally determined nine times each business day, every hour on the hour, beginning at 9:00 a.m. (Eastern time) and concluding at 5:00 p.m. (Eastern time). The net asset value per share for UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund is normally determined four times each business day, at 9:00 a.m. (Eastern time), 10:00 a.m. (Eastern time), 11:00 a.m. (Eastern time), and 12:00 noon (Eastern time).

Your price for buying or selling shares will be based upon the net asset value that is next calculated after the fund receives your order.

On any day that a fund determines to advance the time by which orders to buy or sell its shares must be received by the transfer agent as described above under "Buying shares," the time for determination of the fund's net asset value per share will be as of the same time the fund has determined to cease accepting orders to buy or sell its shares. The fund will not price its shares again on that business day even though it normally prices its shares more frequently.

The funds' board has delegated to a UBS AM valuation committee the responsibility for making fair value determinations with respect to a fund's portfolio securities. The types of securities and other instruments for which such fair value pricing may be necessary include, but are not limited to: securities of an issuer that has entered into a restructuring;

fixed-income securities that have gone into default and for which there is no current market value quotation; Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper; securities or instruments that are restricted as to transfer or resale; illiquid instruments; and instruments for which the prices or values available do not, in the judgment of UBS AM, represent current market value. The need to fair value a fund's portfolio securities may also result from low trading volume in foreign markets or thinly traded securities or instruments. Various factors may be reviewed in order to make a good faith determination of a security's or instrument's fair value. These factors include, but are not limited to, fundamental analytical data relating to the investment; the nature and duration of restrictions on disposition of the securities or instruments; and the evaluation of forces which influence the market in which the securities or instruments are purchased and sold.

In December 2020, the SEC adopted Rule 2a-5 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended ("Rule 2a-5"), which is intended to address valuation practices and the role of a fund's board with respect to the fair value of the investments of a registered investment company or business development company. Rule 2a-5, among other things, establishes an updated regulatory framework for registered investment company valuation practices. The funds will not be required to comply with Rule 2a-5 until September 2022.

Each fund's portfolio holding consists of an interest in the master fund in which the fund invests. The value of such portfolio holding reflects each fund's proportionate interest in the net assets of its corresponding master fund. Each master fund generally values securities and other instruments in a manner as described in that master fund's prospectus or similar document.

Distribution and service fees

Each feeder fund has adopted a plan under rule 12b-1 that allows the fund to pay distribution

fees for the sale and distribution of its shares at the annual rate of 0.25% of its average net assets. Because these fees are paid out of each feeder fund’s assets on an on-going basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges. In addition, each feeder fund has adopted a separate plan under which the fund pays for shareholder service activities at the annual rate of 0.10% of its average net assets. The aggregate fees payable by each feeder fund under both plans are 0.35% of its average net assets.

Management

Investment advisor

UBS Asset Management (Americas) Inc. (“UBS AM”) acts as the investment advisor and administrator for Prime CNAV Master Fund and Tax-Free Master Fund, which are the master funds in which the funds invest their assets. UBS AM also acts as the administrator for the funds. As investment advisor, UBS AM makes the master funds’ investment decisions. It buys and sells securities for the master funds and conducts the research that leads to the purchase and sale decisions.

UBS AM is a Delaware corporation with its principal business offices located at One North Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL 60606, 1285 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10019 and at 787 Seventh Avenue, New York, NY 10019. UBS AM is an investment adviser registered with the SEC. UBS AM is an indirect asset management subsidiary of UBS Group AG (“UBS”). As of June 30, 2021, UBS AM had approximately \$292.2 billion in assets under management. UBS AM is a member of the UBS Asset Management Division, which had approximately \$1.2 trillion in assets under management worldwide as of June 30, 2021. UBS is an internationally

diversified organization headquartered in Zurich, Switzerland and with operations in many areas of the financial services group of industries.

Advisory and administration fees

UBS AM’s contract fee for the advisory and administrative services it provides to each master fund is based on the following fee schedule:

\$0 – \$30 billion	0.1000%
Above \$ 30 billion up to \$ 40 billion . . .	0.0975%
Above \$ 40 billion up to \$ 50 billion . . .	0.0950%
Above \$ 50 billion up to \$ 60 billion . . .	0.0925%
Above \$ 60 billion	0.0900%

UBS AM’s contract fee for the administrative services it provides to each feeder fund is 0.10% of each feeder fund’s average daily net assets.

UBS AM received an effective fee of 0.12% and 0.07% of the average daily net assets of each of UBS Prime Investor Fund and UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund, respectively, for its services as investment advisor and administrator in the funds’ last fiscal year which ended April 30, 2021 (includes fees allocated from related master fund, net of voluntary fee waivers/expense reimbursements, if any). These fees reflect fee waivers pursuant to a fee waiver agreement (as well as additional voluntary fee waivers).

UBS AM may further voluntarily waive fees and/or reimburse expenses from time to time. For example, UBS AM may voluntarily undertake to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in the event that fund yields drop below a certain level. Waivers/reimbursements may impact a fund’s performance. In addition, in connection with voluntary agreements with the financial intermediaries that are selling fund shares, the funds’ principal underwriter has agreed to voluntarily waive fees or reimburse fund expenses so that each fund’s operating

expenses (excluding interest expense, if any, expenses related to shareholders' meetings and extraordinary items) do not exceed 0.45%. Once started, there is no guarantee that voluntary waivers/reimbursements would continue.

A discussion regarding the basis for the board's approval of the Management Agreement between UBS AM and Master Trust with respect to Prime CNAV Master Fund and Tax-Free Master Fund is available in the fund's semiannual report to shareholders for the fiscal period ended October 31, 2020.

Master-feeder structure. UBS Prime Investor Fund and UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund are "feeder funds" that invest all of their assets in "master funds"—Prime CNAV Master Fund and Tax-Free Master Fund, respectively. The feeder funds and their respective master funds have the same investment objectives.

The master funds may accept investments from other feeder funds. Each feeder fund bears the master fund's expenses in proportion to their investment in the master fund. Each feeder fund can set its own transaction minimums, feeder fund-specific expenses and other conditions. This arrangement allows each feeder fund's Trustees to withdraw the feeder fund's assets from the master fund if they believe doing so is in the shareholders' best interests. If the Trustees withdraw the feeder fund's assets, they would then consider whether the feeder fund should hire its own investment advisor, invest in a different master fund or take other action.

Other information

To the extent authorized by law, each fund reserves the right to discontinue offering shares at any time, merge, reorganize itself or cease operations and liquidate.

Dividends and taxes

Dividends

Each fund declares dividends daily and pays them monthly. Dividends accrued during a given month are paid on the first business day of the next month or upon the sale of all the fund shares in a shareholder's account.

Each fund may distribute all or a portion of its capital gains (if any) to the extent required to ensure that the fund maintains its federal tax law status as a regulated investment company. Each fund will also distribute all or a portion of its capital gains to the extent necessary to maintain its share price at \$1.00.

Shares of each fund earn dividends on the day they are purchased but do not earn dividends on the day they are sold.

You will receive dividends in additional shares unless you elect to receive them in cash. If you prefer to receive dividends in cash, contact your Financial Advisor (if you purchased your shares through a financial intermediary) or the transfer agent (if you purchased your shares directly).

While each fund declares dividends daily and pays them monthly, the amounts are rounded to the nearest \$0.01 on a daily basis with respect to each investor's fund account. As a result, investors whose fund account balances earn daily dividends that total less than one half a cent on any given day will not accrue any dividends on that day.

Taxes

The dividends that you receive from UBS Prime Investor Fund generally are subject to federal income tax regardless of whether you receive them in additional fund shares or in cash, and are expected to be taxed as ordinary income. Such

dividends are not eligible for the reduced rate of tax that may apply to certain qualifying dividends on corporate stock. Dividends paid by the fund are also not expected to qualify as "exempt-interest dividends," and will not be excludable from gross income by its shareholders, because the fund is not expected to invest at least 50% of the value of its total assets in securities the interest on which is excludable from gross income.

Although dividends are generally treated as taxable to you in the year they are paid, dividends declared in October, November or December but paid in January are taxable as if they were paid in December.

Shareholders not subject to tax on their income will not be required to pay tax on amounts distributed to them. If you hold fund shares through a tax-exempt account or plan such as an IRA or 401(k) plan, dividends on your shares generally will not be subject to tax until proceeds are withdrawn from the plan.

Some states and localities do not tax dividends that are attributable to interest on certain government securities under certain circumstances. However, these dividends may be subject to corporate franchise tax in some states.

Each fund will tell you annually the character of dividends for tax reporting purposes. You will generally not recognize any gain or loss on the sale or exchange of your fund shares as long as the fund maintains a share price of \$1.00.

A liquidity fee imposed by a fund will reduce the amount you will receive upon the redemption of your shares, and will decrease the amount of any capital gain or increase the amount of any capital loss you will recognize from such redemption. There is some degree of uncertainty with respect to the tax treatment of liquidity fees received by

money market funds, and such tax treatment may be the subject of future guidance issued by the IRS. If a fund receives liquidity fees, it will consider the appropriate tax treatment of such fees to the fund at such time.

The dividends that you receive from UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund generally are not subject to federal income tax. If you are subject to alternative minimum tax, a portion of the dividends paid by UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund may be included in computing such taxes. The dividends received from UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund are generally subject to any applicable state taxes.

The general exemption from federal taxes for dividends paid by UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund will not benefit investors in tax-sheltered retirement plans or other entities or individuals not subject to federal taxes. Further, distributions by tax-sheltered retirement plans are generally taxable even if earnings are derived from tax-exempt dividends. As a result, UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund is generally not an appropriate investment for tax-sheltered retirement plans.

An additional 3.8% Medicare tax is imposed on certain net investment income (including ordinary dividends and capital gain distributions received from a fund and net gains from redemptions or other taxable dispositions of fund shares) of US individuals, estates and trusts to the extent that such person's "modified adjusted gross income" (in the case of an individual) or "adjusted gross income" (in the case of an estate or trust) exceeds certain threshold amounts.

Each fund may be required to withhold a 24% federal tax on all dividends payable to you

- if you fail to provide the fund with your correct taxpayer identification number on Form W-9 (for

US citizens and resident aliens) or to make required certifications, or

- if you have been notified by the IRS that you are subject to backup withholding.

Taxable distributions to non-residents will generally be subject to a 30% withholding tax (or lower applicable treaty rate).

Each fund is required to withhold US tax (at a 30% rate) on payments of taxable dividends made to certain non-US entities that fail to comply (or be deemed compliant) with extensive new reporting and withholding requirements designed to inform the US Department of the Treasury of US-owned foreign investment accounts. Shareholders may be requested to provide additional information to the funds to enable the funds to determine whether withholding is required.

The above is a general and abbreviated discussion of certain tax considerations, and each investor is advised to consult with his or her own tax advisor. There is additional information on taxes in the funds' SAI.

Disclosure of portfolio holdings and other information

Each fund is a "feeder fund" that invests in securities through an underlying master fund. Each fund and the corresponding master fund have the same investment objective.

Each fund's complete schedule of portfolio holdings for the second and fourth quarters of each fiscal year is included in its semiannual and annual reports to

shareholders and is filed with the SEC on Form N-CSR. Each fund's Forms N-CSR are available on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>. Additionally, you may obtain copies of semiannual and annual reports to shareholders from the funds upon request by calling 1-800-647 1568. The semiannual and annual reports for each fund will be posted on the fund's website at <https://www.ubs.com/usmoneymarketfunds>.

Each fund will disclose on UBS AM's website, within five business days after the end of each month, a complete schedule of the related master fund's portfolio holdings and information regarding the weighted average maturity and weighted average life of such master fund. This information will be posted on the UBS website at the following internet address: <https://www.ubs.com/usmoneymarketfunds>. In addition, each fund will file with the SEC on Form N-MFP, within five business days after the end of each month, more detailed portfolio holdings information. Each fund's Forms N-MFP will be available on the SEC's website; UBS AM's website will also contain a link to these filings. The UBS AM website will also disclose the following information for each fund as of the end of each business day for the previous six months: (1) the percentage of each fund's total assets invested in daily (in the case of UBS Prime Investor Fund) and weekly liquid assets; (2) each fund's daily net inflows and outflows; and (3) each fund's current market-based net asset value per share to four decimal places, which is calculated using current market quotations (or an appropriate substitute that reflects current market conditions). (For purposes of transactions in the shares of each fund, the price for shares will be the net asset value per share, calculated using the amortized cost method to two decimal places as further described in this prospectus and the related SAI.) Investors also may find additional information about each fund at the above referenced UBS website internet address.

Additionally, an abbreviated portfolio holdings report for the master fund in which UBS Prime Investor Fund invests is available on a weekly basis. (The abbreviated weekly portfolio holdings report contains less information about each holding.) This information will be posted on the UBS website at the following internet address: <https://www.ubs.com/usmoneymarketfunds>. Under normal circumstances, the abbreviated report will be as of the last business day in a week and is expected to be posted by the Thursday or Friday of the following week. The weekly information will be posted to the website at least one day prior to other public dissemination.

The weekly portfolio holdings information postings will continue to remain available on the website along with any more current holdings information, at least until the date on which a fund files its portfolio holdings information with the SEC on Forms N-CSR for the period that included the date as of which the website information is current.

(For example, a fund files its annual report for its most recent fiscal year ended April 30th with the SEC on Form N-CSR around the beginning of July. Weekly portfolio holdings information for periods ended April 30th could be removed from the website once the annual report is filed, but not until then.)

Please consult the funds' SAI for a description of the policies and procedures that govern disclosure of the funds' portfolio holdings.

Financial highlights

The following financial highlights tables are intended to help you understand the financial performance for UBS Prime Investor Fund and UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund for the past five years.

Certain information reflects financial results for a single fund share. In the tables, “total investment return” represents the rate that an investor would have earned on an investment in a fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and other distributions).

The information in the financial highlights has been derived from the financial statements audited by Ernst & Young LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, whose report appears in the Annual Report to Shareholders of the funds. You may obtain copies of the funds’ Annual Report without charge by calling 1-888-547 FUND.

Financial highlights (continued)

Selected data for a share of beneficial interest outstanding throughout each year is presented below:

	Years ended April 30,				
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
Net investment income (loss)	0.000 ¹	0.015	0.019	0.010	0.003
Net realized gain (loss)	0.000 ¹	0.000 ¹	—	0.000 ¹	0.000 ¹
Net increase (decrease) from operations	0.000 ¹	0.015	0.019	0.010	0.003
Dividends from net investment income	(0.000) ¹	(0.015)	(0.019)	(0.010)	(0.003)
Distributions from net realized gains	(0.000) ¹	—	(0.000) ¹	(0.000) ¹	(0.000) ¹
Total dividends and distributions	(0.000) ¹	(0.015)	(0.019)	(0.010)	(0.003)
Net asset value, end of year	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
Total investment return²	0.03%	1.54%	1.91%	0.97%	0.27%
Ratios to average net assets:					
Expenses before fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements ³	0.58%	0.57%	0.58%	0.64%	1.26%
Expenses after fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements ³	0.27%	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%
Net investment income (loss) ³	0.03%	1.48%	1.98%	1.04%	0.42%
Supplemental data:					
Net assets, end of year (000's)	\$1,005,747	\$2,399,849	\$1,516,370	\$368,536	\$89,533

¹ Amount represents less than \$0.0005 or \$(0.0005) per share.

² Total investment return is calculated assuming a \$10,000 investment on the first day of each year reported, reinvestment of all dividends and other distributions, if any, at net asset value on the payable dates, and a sale at net asset value on the last day of each year reported. Returns do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on fund distributions.

³ Ratios include the fund's share of income, expenses and expense waivers allocated from the Master Fund.

Financial highlights (concluded)

Selected data for a share of beneficial interest outstanding throughout each year is presented below:

	Years ended April 30,				
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
Net investment income (loss)	0.000 ¹	0.009	0.010	0.006	0.001
Net realized gain (loss)	—	—	—	—	—
Net increase (decrease) from operations	0.000 ¹	0.009	0.010	0.006	0.001
Dividends from net investment income	(0.000) ¹	(0.009)	(0.010)	(0.006)	(0.001)
Distributions from net realized gains	—	—	—	—	(0.000) ¹
Total dividends and distributions	(0.000) ¹	(0.009)	(0.010)	(0.006)	(0.001)
Net asset value, end of year	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
Total investment return²	0.01%	0.89%	1.03%	0.56%	0.14%
Ratios to average net assets:					
Expenses before fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements ³	0.64%	0.64%	0.63%	0.80%	1.11%
Expenses after fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements ³	0.12%	0.43%	0.45%	0.45%	0.42%
Net investment income (loss) ³	0.01%	0.83%	1.02%	0.63%	0.16%
Supplemental data:					
Net assets, end of year (000's)	\$104,455	\$319,586	\$188,615	\$123,642	\$46,649

¹ Amount represents less than \$0.0005 or \$(0.0005) per share.

² Total investment return is calculated assuming a \$10,000 investment on the first day of each year reported, reinvestment of all dividends and other distributions, if any, at net asset value on the payable dates, and a sale at net asset value on the last day of each year reported. Returns do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder could pay on fund distributions.

³ Ratios include the fund's share of income, expenses and expense waivers allocated from the Master Fund.

Additional information regarding purchases and redemptions

The funds are open for business each day that the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) and the principal bond markets (as recommended by the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (“SIFMA”)) are open. One or more of these will be closed on the observance of the holidays listed below. In addition, UBS Prime Investor Fund will advance the final time by which orders to buy or sell shares must be received by the transfer agent to 3:00 p.m. (Eastern time) on those days that SIFMA has recommended that the bond markets close early. (The normal deadline for purchases and redemptions for UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund is noon (Eastern time).) Those days SIFMA has recommended that the bond markets close early remaining through 2021 and for 2022 are listed below.

Holidays (observed)

Labor Day (September 6, 2021)
 Columbus Day (October 11, 2021)
 Veterans Day (November 11, 2021)
 Thanksgiving Day (November 25, 2021)
 Christmas Day (December 24, 2021)
 New Year’s Day (December 31, 2021)¹
 Martin Luther King Day (January 17, 2022)
 Presidents Day (February 21, 2022)
 Good Friday (April 15, 2022)
 Memorial Day (May 30, 2022)
 Juneteenth (June 20, 2022)
 Independence Day (July 4, 2022)
 Labor Day (September 5, 2022)
 Columbus Day (October 10, 2022)
 Veterans Day (November 11, 2022)
 Thanksgiving Day (November 24, 2022)
 Christmas Day (December 26, 2022)
 New Year’s Day (January 2, 2023)

Early close

—
 —
 —
 November 26, 2021
 December 23, 2021
 December 31, 2021¹
 —
 —
 April 14, 2022
 May 27, 2022

 July 1, 2022
 —
 —
 —
 November 25, 2022
 December 23, 2022
 December 30, 2022

¹ December 31, 2021 has been designated as a holiday by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The NYSE will be open on December 31, 2021 and SIFMA has recommended that the bond markets close early on that day. In accordance with the funds’ policy, the funds will be closed for the entire day on December 31, 2021.

Privacy notice

UBS family of funds privacy notice

This notice describes the privacy policy of the UBS Family of Funds and the PACE® Funds managed by UBS Asset Management (collectively, the “Funds”). The Funds are committed to protecting the personal information that they collect about individuals who are prospective, current or former investors.

The Funds collect personal information in order to process requests and transactions and to provide customer service. Personal information, which is obtained from applications and other forms or correspondence submitted to the Funds, may include name(s), address, e-mail address, telephone number, date of birth, social security number or other tax identification number, bank account information, information about your transactions and experiences with the Funds, and any affiliation a client has with UBS Financial Services Inc. or its affiliates (“Personal Information”).

The Funds limit access to Personal Information to those individuals who need to know that information in order to process transactions and service accounts. These individuals are required to maintain and protect the confidentiality of Personal Information and to follow established procedures. The Funds maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards to protect Personal Information and to comply with applicable laws and regulations.

The Funds may share Personal Information with their affiliates to facilitate the servicing of accounts and for other business purposes, or as otherwise required or permitted by applicable law. The Funds may also share Personal Information with non-affiliated third parties that perform services for the Funds, such as vendors that provide data or transaction processing, computer software maintenance and development, and other administrative services. When the Funds share Personal Information with a non-affiliated third party, they will do so pursuant to a contract that includes provisions designed to ensure that the third party will uphold and maintain privacy standards when handling Personal Information. In addition to sharing information with non-affiliated third parties to facilitate the servicing of accounts and for other business purposes, the Funds may disclose Personal Information to non-affiliated third parties as otherwise required or permitted by applicable law. For example, the Funds may disclose Personal Information to credit bureaus or regulatory authorities to facilitate or comply with investigations; to protect against or prevent actual or potential fraud, unauthorized transactions, claims or other liabilities; or to respond to judicial or legal process, such as subpoena requests.

Except as described in this privacy notice, the Funds will not use Personal Information for any other purpose unless the Funds describe how such Personal Information will be used and clients are given an opportunity to decline approval of such use of Personal Information relating to them (or affirmatively approve the use of Personal Information, if required by applicable law). The Funds endeavor to keep their customer files complete and accurate. The Funds should be notified if any Personal Information needs to be corrected or updated. Please call 1-800-647 1568 with any questions or concerns regarding your Personal Information or this privacy notice.

This privacy notice is not a part of the prospectus.

UBS Asset Management, Americas Region

Business continuity planning overview

UBS Asset Management affiliates UBS Asset Management (US) Inc. and UBS Asset Management (Americas) Inc. protect information assets, processes, and customer data from unpredictable events through preparation and testing of a comprehensive business continuity capability. This capability seeks recovery of the technology infrastructure and information, and prevention of the loss of company or customer information and transactions. In the event of a crisis scenario, we will recover those functions deemed to be critical to our business and our clients, and strive to resume processing within predefined time frames following a disaster declaration (typically 4-6 hours). Business continuity processes provide us the ability to continue critical business functions regardless of the type, scope, or duration of a localized event. However, these processes are dependent upon various external resources, such as regional telecommunications, transportation networks, and other public utilities.

Essential elements of the business continuity plan include:

- **Crisis communication procedures**—Action plans for coordinating essential communications for crisis management leaders, employees, and key business partners
- **Information technology backup and recovery procedures**—Comprehensive technology and data management plans designed to protect the integrity and quick recovery of essential technology infrastructure and data
- **Disaster recovery site**—Alternative dedicated workspace, technology infrastructure, and systems support that is fully operational during a disaster declaration
- **Testing regimen**—The business continuity plan is reviewed on an annual basis, including the disaster recovery facility. In addition, all IT application recovery plans are updated and tested annually.

This business continuity planning overview is not a part of the prospectus.

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If you want more information about the funds, the following documents are available free of charge upon request:



Annual/semiannual reports

Additional information about each fund's investments is available in the fund's annual and semiannual reports to shareholders.

Statement of Additional Information (SAI)

The funds' SAI provides more detailed information about the funds and is incorporated by reference into this prospectus (i.e., it is legally a part of this prospectus).

You may discuss your questions about the funds by contacting your Financial Advisor. You may obtain free copies of the funds' annual and semiannual reports and their SAI by contacting the funds directly at 1-800-647 1568. The funds' annual and semiannual reports and their SAI will also be posted on the UBS website at the following internet address: <https://www.ubs.com/usmoneymarketfunds>. You may also request other information about the funds and make shareholder inquiries via the telephone number above.

You can get copies of reports and other information about the funds:

- For a fee, by electronic request at publicinfo@sec.gov; or
- Free, from the EDGAR database on the SEC's Internet website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Money Market Funds Prospectus | August 27, 2021

Includes:

- UBS Prime Investor Fund
- UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund

UBS Series Funds
—UBS Prime Investor Fund
—UBS Tax-Free Investor Fund
Investment Company Act File No. 811-08767

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